Public Document Pack



<u>To</u>: Sarah Wheeler, <u>Vice Convener</u>, Elaine Mottram, Martin Robb, Susan Dunn, Tara-Erin Gilchrist, Shamini Omnes, Emily Queen, Diane Sande, Adam Grant, Heather Wilson, Louise Grant, Lorcan O'Connor and Sandy Munro (ACC).

Town House, ABERDEEN 16 November 2018

LOCAL LICENSING FORUM

The Members of the LOCAL LICENSING FORUM are requested to meet in Committee Room 5 - Town House on WEDNESDAY, 21 NOVEMBER 2018 at 2.00 pm.

FRASER BELL CHIEF OFFICER - GOVERNANCE

BUSINESS

- 1 Apologies
- 2 Minute of Meeting of 13 September 2018 (Pages 5 12)
- 3 <u>Matters Arising</u>
- 4 Membership Updates
- 5 Statement of Licensing Policy Discussion (Pages 13 44)

Following a comprehensive period of consultation, the new Statement of Licensing Policy was ratified by the Licensing Board on 8 November 2018. The Local Licensing Forum is invited to discuss the document and its potential impact.

6 Licensing Board

INTELLIGENCE (TO INFORM THE WORKING GROUP OF THE LICENSING FORUM)

LICENSING OBJECTIVE 1 : PREVENTING CRIME AND DISORDER

7.1 <u>Update from Police Scotland</u>

LICENSING OBJECTIVE 2 : SECURING PUBLIC SAFETY

7.2 Update from Licensing Standards Officer

LICENSING OBJECTIVE 3 : PREVENTING PUBLIC NUISANCE

7.3 Update from Unight Representative

LICENSING OBJECTIVE 4 : PROTECTING AND IMPROVING PUBLIC HEALTH

7.4 <u>Update from NHS Grampian and Alcohol and Drugs Partnership</u>

<u>LICENSING OBJECTIVE 5 : PROTECTING CHILDREN AND YOUNG PERSONS</u> FROM HARM

- 7.5 Update from Children's Services Representative
- 8 AOCB
- 9 <u>Date of Next Meeting</u>

The next meeting of the Local Licensing Forum will take place on Thursday 31 January 2019, in Committee Room no.5 of Aberdeen Town House, commencing at 2pm.

EHRIA's related to reports on this agenda can be viewed at <u>Equality and Human Rights Impact Assessments</u>

To access the Service Updates for this Committee please use the following link: https://committees.aberdeencity.gov.uk/ecCatDisplayClassic.aspx?sch=doc&cat=13450&path=0

Website Address: www.aberdeencity.gov.uk

Should you require any further information about this agenda, please contact Garry Watson, tel. 01224 523057 or email gawatson@aberdeencity.gov.uk



LOCAL LICENSING FORUM

2pm, Thursday 13 September 2018 Town House, Aberdeen

Members present: Kenneth McGeough, Chairperson; Sarah Wheeler, Vice-Convener; Shamini Omnes (Aberdeen City Health and Social Care

Partnership), Heather Wilson (NHS), Diane Sande (Licensing Standards Officer ACC), Adam Grant (Public), Nicola Johnston

(Aberdeen Inspired) and Martin Robb (Licence Trade – On Sales)

Also present: Jenni Wilson (ACC Licensing), Sandy Munro (ACC Licensing) and Garry Watson (Clerk)

Apologies: Susan Dunn (Licence Trade – Off Sales), Elaine Mottram (Aberdeen Samaritans), Miriam Smith (ACC Education and Children's

Services), and Tara Erin Gilchrist (LSO)

		Item Discussion A		Action / Decisions	To be actioned by
	1 & 2	Minute of Meeting of 4 April 2018 Matters Arising	Miriam Smith, Susan Dunn and Emily Queen. The Forum had before it the minute of its previous meeting of 13 June 2018.		G Watson
-	3	Membership	The minute was agreed and there were no matters arising therefrom. The Chairman and members welcomed Adam Grant Solicitor as a new member.		
_	4	Updates Impact of Alcohol	Grant, Solicitor, as a new member. A video presentation was shown by Health	Members noted the report.	
	7	on Children	representative Shamini Omnes which highlighted the plight of children who were living in circumstances where parental alcohol use/abuse was a destructive factor in their lives. Shamini said that the video, which took the form of an interview with an intervention	Members noted the report.	

		Item	Discussion	Action / Decisions	To be actioned by
			worker, had no specific target audience and it was hope that it could be distributed and seen widely to highlight the issue. Members suggested various possible outlets.		
Page 6	5	Draft Statement of Licensing Policy	There was a general discussion about the relationship between the Local Licensing Forum and the Licensing Board. Members were concerned that there seemed to be very little contact with the Board and no tasks had been forthcoming from it. The clerk suggested that it might be possible to have the Local Licensing Forum appear as a standing item of the Boards agenda, which would provide continuous visibility and act as a means for information to flow between the two. Jenni Wilson said that this was achievable and Sandy Munro agreed to speak to the Board to explain the new agenda heading and encourage them to give tasks to the Forum. The Forum discussed the Council's Draft Statement of Licensing Policy. By way of introduction, Sandy Munro said that, in producing the draft, the Legal Team had sought to trim the wording down and make it plain. He emphasised the fact that each licensed premises was different and, although the draft policy contained lists of things the Board would consider, it would not be necessary for every box to be ticked for every premises. He stressed that the Licensing Board would still consider each application on its own merits. The example given was that, although the policy states that the maximum terminal hour is 3am, all premises would not automatically be allowed to open until then. The hours granted would still take account of the type of premises, its size, capacity,	Local Licensing Forum to be standing item on Licensing Board agenda.	Jenni Wilson and Sandy Munro

	Item	Discussion	Action / Decisions	To be actioned by
Page 7		location etc. 3am was simply the maximum. The Forum turned to the Draft Policy itself and there was a general discussion: Martin asked if CCTV would be required at all premises. Sandy said that, whilst CCTV was certainly desirable, not all premises would be required to have it. Shamini noted the reference to 'partner agencies' and asked why they were not listed. Sandy responded saying that it had been left open, so that if there were any partnership changes the policy did not have to be updated. The Forum thereafter dealt with each section of the Draft Policy in turn: Preventing Crime & Disorder Kenny welcomed the inclusion of vulnerability in a couple of the sections, however he said he felt that the word 'vulnerability' alone was not enough and that the policy needed to be more prescriptive in that regard. Sarah noted that certain points would only apply to late night premises. Sandy acknowledged this and reminded members that each premises would be looked at individually, using the policy as a toolkit. Securing Public Safety Where the Draft Policy states 'Review licences as a last resort', the Forum suggested adding, 'where it can't be rectified by other means'. Martin said it would be useful to have a bit		

		Item	Discussion	Action / Decisions	To be actioned by
			and more like a toolkit.		
	6.1	Update from Police Scotland: Licensing Objective 1: Preventing Crime and Disorder	The Chairperson said that 'Ask for Angela' campaign would be getting launched/refreshed soon and had been delayed because during Freshers the university was running its own safety campaigns.	The Forum resolved to note the update.	
	6.2	Update from Licensing Standards Officer: Objective 2: Securing Public Safety	Diane advised that one of the Environmental Health Officers was going to undertake Licensing Standards training so that they could act as a backup.	The Forum resolved to note the update.	
Page 10	6.3	Update from Unight Representative: Licensing Objective 3: Preventing Public Nuisance	Sarah said that Unight had been focussing on vulnerability with Lorna McCarrol from Slains having undertaken 'Safe Talk' training. There was a discussion around vulnerability and the lengths to which premises might be expected to go to assist someone. As an example, Kenny suggested that if a premises had seen someone safely into a taxi they had done their bit.	The Forum resolved to note the update.	
	6.4	Update from NHS Grampian and Alcohol and Drugs Partnership: Licensing Objective 4: Protecting and Improving Public Health	Heather advised that there was a new ADP Team Leader – Simon Rayner.	The Forum resolved to note the update.	
	6.5	Update from Children's	Deferred to next meeting.		

	Item	Discussion	Action / Decisions	To be actioned by
	Services Representative: Licensing Objective 5: Protecting Children from Harm			
7	AOCB	The Chairperson said that it was his intention to stand down at the next meeting, which would also comprise an AGM.	The Forum resolved to note the update.	
8	Date of Next Meeting	The date of the next meeting was confirmed as 21 November 2018. Kenny McGeough, Chairperson		

If you require any further information about this minute, please contact Garry Watson, tel. 01224 523057 or email gawatson@aberdeencity.gov.uk

This page is intentionally left blank

Agenda Item 5

ABERDEEN CITY LICENSING BOARD STATEMENT OF LICENSING POLICY November 2018

Contents Page

Introduction

Licensing Objectives

Preventing Crime and Disorder

Securing Public Safety

Preventing Public Nuisance

Protecting and Improving Public Health

Protecting Children and Young Persons from Harm

Supplementary Policies

Licensed Hours

Occasional Licences and Extended Hours

External Drinking Areas

On-Sales Overprovision

Off-Sales Overprovision

Scheme of Delegation

Hearing Procedures

General Licensing Matters

Introduction

Introductory paragraph/foreword from Convenor

Preventing Crime & Disorder

The Board is committed to improving the quality of life for the people of the city by adopting and enforcing policies designed to increase community safety and reduce the threats of crime and disorder.

In terms of this licensing objective the Board considers there to be a number of factors including, but not limited to:

- Underage drinking
- Drunkenness
- Illegal substances
- Violent behaviour
- Anti-social behaviour
- Vulnerability

In order to combat the risks inherent with the sale of alcohol the Board will seek to operate a partnership approach with licence holders, applicants and partner agencies.

What the Board Will Do:

- Apply appropriate conditions to licences to mitigate the risk of potential crime or disorder, including but not limited to a local condition on duty of care on all on-sales premises.
- Ensure all polices are up to date and fit for purpose.
- Work closely with all stakeholders to ensure all relevant information is kept up to date and accessible.
- Endorse initiatives designed to prevent crime and disorder.
- Consider the review of licences where a breach of the licensing objective cannot be rectified by other means.

What the Board Will Expect of Licence Holders

- Effective and responsible management of premises including evidence of written procedures for managing incidents.
- Up to date training and supervision of staff.
- Provision of effective CCTV in and around premises.

- Provision of external lighting and security measures.
- Employment of SIA registered door supervisors when appropriate.
- Use of radiolink or other such scheme.
- Adherence to the Board's Drugs Policy.
- Enforcement of Challenge 25.
- Adoption of best practice guidance where available.
- Evidence of a relevant dispersal policy where appropriate.
- Co-operation with police and Licensing Standards Officers.

What the Board Will Expect of Partner Agencies

- Provision of all relevant up to date information as the Board requires.
- Involvement in mediation/intervention procedures to rectify any problem areas.
- Involvement in Premises Licence Review as a last resort.

Securing Public Safety

The Board is committed to ensuring the safety of persons within licensed premises as well as those in the surrounding areas.

When considering this licensing objective, a number of factors should be considered including, but not limited to:

- Capacity this will be assessed by the Council's Building Standards department to establish a maximum safe capacity figure in terms of the regulations. Please note the safe maximum operating figure may be smaller than the technical figure.
- Maintenance of premises.
- Fire safety.
- Suitability of glassware or alternatives to glass including toughened or safety glass.
- Disabled access and facilities.
- Nature of activities to be carried out on the premises.
- Vulnerability of patrons.

Again, the Board will look to operate a partnership approach with all stakeholders in order to ensure that public safety is not compromised by the operation of licensed premises.

What the Board Will Do:

- Promote education and awareness of potential risks.
- Apply additional licence conditions where appropriate for the purposes of this licensing objective.
- Facilitate effective communication between all relevant parties.
- Disseminate relevant information from partner agencies as widely as possible.
- Review licences as a last resort.

What the Board Will Expect of Licence Holders/Applicants:

- High standards of maintenance of premises.
- Membership of schemes to secure public safety such as radiolink and pubwatch.

- Glassware or alternatives to glassware including toughened or safety glass frequently cleared.
- Accurate disability access statements. Although these are only required for new applications the Board would encourage all existing premises to consider the preparation of an appropriate statement for publication.
- Clear and accurate signage in and around premises.
- Fully completed risk assessments where appropriate, for both premises and proposed activities to be carried out.
- Policies on crowd management and dispersal, both in the ordinary course of operation and in an emergency.
- Regular maintenance and testing of security and operating systems.
- Designation of a "safe space" within the premises in which vulnerable persons can be provided with assistance.
- Co-operation with Police Scotland and Licensing Standards Officers including access to all relevant policies and procedures such as dispersal policies and incident management.

What the Board Will Expect of Partner Agencies:

- Co-operative approach.
- Effective communication and the sharing of up to date relevant information.
- Involvement in a licence review as a last resort.

Preventing Public Nuisance

The Board believes that licensed premises have the potential to have a significant impact on communities. It wishes to maintain and protect the amenity of the surrounding neighbourhoods whilst recognising the valuable cultural and social aspects of such premises.

Whilst licensing powers are not the main statutory mechanism for dealing with public nuisance in general the Board will interpret public nuisance in a wider sense where it relates to the operation of licensed premises, and in particular issues such as noise and litter.

Again, a number of factors should be considered including, but not limited to:

- Location of premises. In particular the proximity to residential or noise sensitive premises such as medical facilities, sheltered housing, schools, places of worship, nurseries and suchlike.
- Hours of operation. Closely related to the location of the premises, the hours
 of operation should reflect what is appropriate for the surrounding
 neighbourhood. The terminal hours indicated in the Supplementary Policy on
 Licensed Hours are the maximum available and will not be suitable for all
 premises.
- Nature of activities. Any activities carried on in the licensed premises should not be detrimental to the ambience of the locality.
- Outdoor areas. The Board will include a Supplementary Policy on this issue, but applicants will require to ensure that the inclusion of an outdoor licensed area in any premises is appropriate and will not contravene the licensing objective of preventing public nuisance.
- Smoking areas. These should be designed to minimise public nuisance and regularly monitored to cut down on noise and litter.
- Noise from patrons entering and exiting the premises.

What the Board Will Do:

- Consider the proximity of proposed licensed premises to noise sensitive premises when considering applications.
- Ensure that licensed hours and activities are appropriate for the type of premises and locality. The terminal hours indicated in the Supplementary Policy on Licensed Hours are the maximum available and will not be suitable for all premises.
- Improve communication between the trade, partners and local communities.
- Impose additional licence conditions where appropriate to prevent public nuisance.
- Highlight best practice where available and increase awareness and education on potential areas of risk.

What the Board Will Expect of Licence Holders/Applicants:

- Take a proactive approach to public nuisance with a risk-based approach.
- Be mindful of the location of the premises, hours of operation and activities.
- Comply with all conditions of the premises licence.
- Ensure appropriate control measures are in place and staff training is up to date and relevant.
- Consider public nuisance when establishing the design and layout of the premises.
- Adequate supervision of any outdoor area, smoking area and patrons entering/exiting the premises.
- Sharing of best practice via trade groups.
- Participation in communication to resolve any issues that may arise.
- Co-operation with Police Scotland and Licensing Standards Officers including access to all relevant policies and procedures such as dispersal policies and incident management.

What the Board Will Expect of Partners:

- Enforcement of other statutory powers where appropriate.
- Sharing of relevant information.
- Participation in dialogue to resolve potential issues.

Protecting and Improving Public Health

The Board recognise that excessive consumption of alcohol can cause or exacerbate a number of health problems. All applicants will be expected to demonstrate measures to be taken to protect public health, and all licence holders will be expected to maintain those standards and take all necessary steps to prevent excessive consumption.

Whilst licensing is an important tool in the protection of public health it will not be sufficient in isolation and accordingly the Board will be interested in hearing from and working alongside relevant partners and interested parties where appropriate.

Factors to be considered in connection with this particular licensing objective include, but are not limited to:

- Access to alcohol by vulnerable persons
- Excessive consumption
- Irresponsible promotion of alcohol
- Education of unit strength of alcohol

What the Board Will Do:

- Utilise local conditions on licences where appropriate.
- Liaise with public health organisation, the local licensing forum and other relevant parties.
- Monitor the number and capacity of premises, public health data and overprovision policies.
- Contribute to raising awareness of the licensing system.

What the Board Will Expect of Licence Holders/Applicants

- Proactive layout of off-sales premises to discourage impulse buying.
- Adequate staff training, including refusals policy and incident recording.
- Availability of low/non-alcoholic products and soft drinks.
- Licensed hours reflective of operating hours.
- Awareness of irresponsible promotions.

What the Board Will Expect of Partner Agencies:

Effective communication of relevant trends and information.

- Provision of accurate statistics to assist with Board policy and decision making.
- Participation in efforts to increase public awareness of initiatives to protect and improve public health.

Protecting Children and Young Persons from Harm

The Board recognises that the question of access to licensed premises by children and young persons is not one that can be answered with a one size fits all type of approach. The suitability of premises will depend on a number of factors including layout of the premises, activities or services available, and typical customer demographic.

Applicants and licence holders should also be aware that access for children and young persons will bring with it additional responsibilities and may result in additional conditions being attached to the licence.

What the Board Will Do:

- Assess all applications for suitability of access for children and young persons.
- Impose additional conditions where necessary to protect children and young persons from harm.
- Limit the hours during which children and young persons have access if appropriate.
- Limit activities which may take place on the licensed premises during hours in which children and young persons have access if appropriate.

What the Board Will Expect of Licence Holders/Applicants

- Consider the ambience of premises and what is appropriate in terms of children and young persons' access.
- Ensure facilities are appropriate to the areas of the premises to which children and young persons are to be afforded access.
- Vigilance against underage drinking and proxy purchasing.
- Strict enforcement of Challenge 25.
- Comprehensive and up to date staff training.
- Restrict access for children and young persons to appropriate hours and parts of the premises.

What the Board Will Expect of Partner Agencies:

- Communication of relevant information.
- Sharing of best practice or initiatives designed to improve standards.
- Participation in mediation in the event of issues or licence review hearings as a last resort.

Supplementary Policy – Licensed Hours

Whilst all applications will be dealt with on their own merits the Board considers it necessary for the promotion of the licensing objectives to set parameters with respect to licensed hours. Any application seeking hours outwith those detailed below will be expected to satisfy the Board that there are legitimate grounds for departing from policy and demonstrate that the granting of such hours would not be contrary to the licensing objectives.

Off-Sale Premises

Maximum trading hours for off-sale premises are set by statute. The Board have no power to grant off-sales hours prior to 1000 or after 2200 hours. It should be noted that these are the maximum permitted hours and the Board may restrict these hours if it can be shown to be necessary for the promotion of the licensing objectives.

	Earliest Opening Hour	<u>Latest Terminal Hour</u>
All off-sales premises	1000	2200

On-Sale Premises

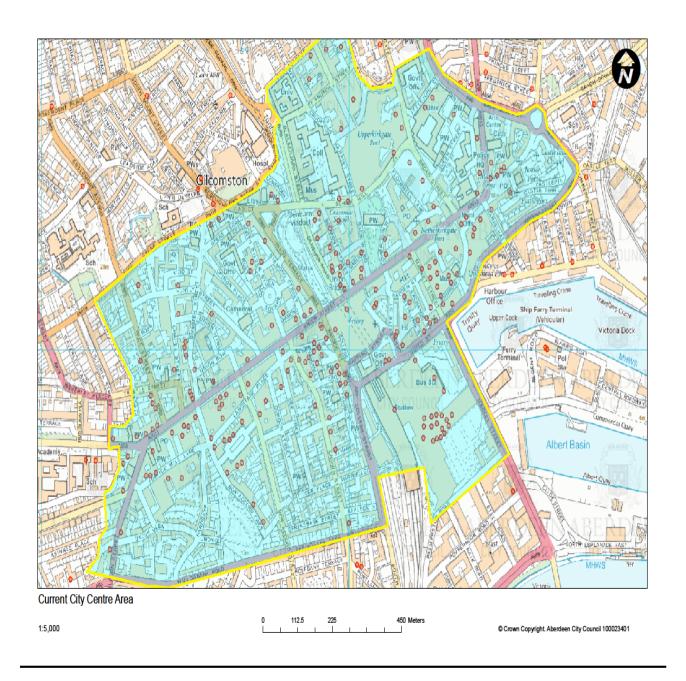
The Board considers it appropriate to distinguish hours within the city centre from outlying areas. The city centre area is that shown delineated on the undernoted map.

The hours stated below are the earliest acceptable opening hour and latest acceptable terminal hour, and not the maximum permissible hours. The terminal hours stated below are the latest permissible and will not be appropriate for all premises. It will be the responsibility of the licence holder or applicant to demonstrate that the premises is suitable for the hours sought. Additional conditions will normally be added to all premises seeking licensed hours after 1am including but not limited to CCTV, door stewards and radiolink. A link to examples of the standard local conditions can be found in the Supplementary Policy on General Licensing Matters.

The Board considers 15 hours continuous trading to be reasonable within any 24-hour period and so the opening or terminal hour should be adjusted accordingly to comply with this requirement.

The opening hours for casinos remains in line with the statutory hours in terms of the Gambling Act 2005, namely 1200 – 0600 daily.

Outwith City Centre Earli	Latest Terminal Hour	
Sunday to Thursday	1000	0000
Friday & Saturday	1000	0100
City Centre	Earliest Opening Hour	Latest Terminal Hour
Sunday to Thursday	1000	0200
Friday & Saturday	1000	0300



<u>Supplementary Policy – Occasional Licences and</u> Extended Hours

Occasional Licences

In terms of the legislation only a Premises Licence holder, Personal Licence holder or a Voluntary Organisation can apply for an Occasional Licence. The Board consider Occasional Licences should only be used for one-off events and should not be used to circumvent standard licensing procedures.

Accordingly, the Board will <u>not</u> normally grant the following, unless there are exceptional circumstances:

- A series of Occasional Licences for the same premises where an application for a Premises Licence would be more appropriate.
- Occasional Licences for premises holding a Provisional Premises Licence where there are outstanding issues preventing an application for Confirmation from being lodged.
- Occasional Licences for child-focussed events, being events held specifically for children as opposed to family events at which children may be present.

Any application for an Occasional Licence must comply with the Board's Supplementary Policy on licensed hours. Additional conditions may be added to an Occasional Licence to uphold the licensing objectives covering matters including staff training, access for children and young persons, and alternatives to glassware.

Police Scotland and Licensing Standards Officers will have 21 days in which to provide comment upon applications. Applications for Occasional Licences must therefore be submitted at least 4 weeks in advance of the event to allow sufficient time for the applications to be processed. The Board consider that it would be difficult to justify a shorter processing period under s57(4) for any events except for funeral functions.

Extended Hours Applications

The holder of a Premises Licence may apply for an extension of regular licensed hours in connection with:

- A special event or occasion to be catered for on the premises, or
- A special event of local or national significance.

The Board expect licence holders to anticipate and incorporate recurring events into the Premises Licence and only to apply for Extended Hours for one-off events that could not have reasonably been anticipated. For the avoidance of doubt an Extended Hours application may extend a premises' trading hours beyond the 15-hour period specified in the Supplementary Policy on Licensed Hours on a one-off basis.

Any application must be submitted by the licence holder and not the Designated Premises Manager unless he or she has written authorisation from the licence holder to do so. Applications must be made at least 4 weeks in advance of the event.

General Extensions

The Board will consider annually whether any scheduled events would justify a general direction under s67 and will publish a list of qualifying events and the degree of the extension in January each year to enable the trade and other stakeholders to plan accordingly. Such a list may be added to during the course of the year should the need arise.

Such extensions will only be available to premises whose standard hours conform to the 15-hour maximum trading specified in the Supplementary Policy on Licensed Hours.

<u>Supplementary Policy – External Drinking Areas</u>

The Board recognises that the incorporation of outdoor areas within the licensed footprint of premises can enhance the operation of such premises but considers that it also attracts additional responsibilities on the part of the licence holder to uphold the licensing objectives.

Before an application to licence an outdoor area will be considered the area in question must benefit from the necessary planning permission and, if required, a pavement permit from the Roads Department of Aberdeen City Council.

All outdoor areas must be delineated on the layout plan forming part of the premises licence and outdoor drinking should be included as an activity within the body of the licence. The Board will expect premises who currently utilise unlicensed outdoor areas to incorporate such areas within the premises licence by way of variation.

Applicants and licence holders must demonstrate that the areas will not contravene the licensing objectives, in particular with regard to noise, litter and antisocial behaviour. The areas must be regularly monitored, and glassware removed.

The Board will routinely attach additional conditions where an outdoor area is licensed including but not restricted to:

- Outdoor area to be clearly demarcated onsite.
- Use of the area to cease at 2200 hours.
- No amplified music or entertainment to take place in the outdoor area.

The terminal hour may be further restricted, and drinks may be required to be decanted into alternatives to glassware if appropriate.

Overprovision – On-Sales Premises

The Board recognises that overprovision is a serious consideration that can have important repercussions. In coming to a decision on overprovision of on-sales premises it was considered appropriate to align the locality areas with those identified as appropriate for different opening hours. Accordingly, the Board identified two localities for on-sales overprovision, namely city centre and outwith the city centre. The boundary of the city centre area is that illustrated in the Supplementary Policy on Licensed Hours. The Board then sought evidenced views on overprovision within those two localities and is grateful to all respondents who took the time to submit a viewpoint.

The Board primarily considered the evidence of crime statistics provided by Police Scotland. These related primarily to the licensing objectives of Preventing Crime and Disorder, Securing Public Safety and Preventing Public Nuisance. The Board found it particularly pertinent that Police Scotland believed that whilst evidence of crimes in which alcohol consumption was a significant factor could be provided, it was not felt that there was sufficient evidence to justify a finding of overprovision in either of the identified localities. Police Scotland had identified a smaller area within the city centre locality which could possibly have been considered but accepted that it was for the Board to identify localities for the purposes of overprovision.

The Board also recognised that the other responses received to the consultation were of mixed opinions and there was no consensus for either locality.

In summary, the Board recognises that there are issues relating to the Licensing Objectives that correlate with the operation of licensed premises. However, the Board considers a declaration of overprovision to be a serious undertaking that should only be taken when adequately supported by the available evidence. On balance the Board is currently of the opinion that whilst there is evidence of the correlation mentioned above that evidence falls short of establishing the causal link that is required by the regulatory framework to justify overprovision. Accordingly, the Board has determined that currently there is not overprovision of on-sales premises within either locality.

The Board will continue to assess all applications on their merits and will expect all applicants to demonstrate compliance with the licensing objectives and all relevant parts of the Board's Statement of Licensing Policy. The Board will also work with partner agencies to keep the policy under review and ensure that it remains fit for purpose.

Overprovision: Off-Sales

In cognisance of the nature of the evidence received during previous overprovision consultations as well as the specific challenges raised by attempts to attribute meaningful evidence to smaller localised areas, the Board established the whole Board area as one locality for the purposes of off-sales overprovision only. The Board then sought evidenced views on overprovision within that locality and is grateful to all respondents who took the time to submit a viewpoint.

The Board noted the evidence provided by NHS Grampian and Alcohol Focus Scotland primarily relating to the licensing objective of Protecting and Improving Public Health. The Board recognises that there are health issues caused by the consumption of alcohol and note that the majority of alcohol is reportedly sold from off-sales premises. Additionally, the Board is concerned that hospital admissions for alcohol related causes are above the Scottish average. However, it also recognised that the evidence provided by both NHS Grampian and Alcohol Focus Scotland indicated that most people tended to travel larger distances by vehicle to purchase alcohol, and that the rise of home deliveries had also to be taken into consideration. Both agencies accepted that there was no simple method of establishing a numerical formula to assist with the calculation of any saturation point.

The Board also considered the evidence of crime statistics provided by Police Scotland. These related primarily to the licensing objectives of Preventing Crime and Disorder, Securing Public Safety and Preventing Public Nuisance. The Board found it particularly pertinent that Police Scotland believed that whilst evidence of crimes in which alcohol consumption was a significant factor could be provided, it was not able to provide a body of evidence linking crimes specifically to off-sales premises. Police Scotland also suggested it could not support the idea that were there half the number of premises there would be half the number of crimes. Again, it highlighted that there was not a simple numerical answer to this problem. The Board also noted that Police Scotland suggested that the issue may be one of alcohol consumption as opposed to the regulated sale from off-sale premises.

As well as the evidence provided by respondents to the consultation the Board also considered that it had been operating without an overprovision policy for the recent period, and that this did not appear to have resulted in any identifiable increase in the number or capacity of premises, nor indeed harm associated from the operation of those premises.

In summary, the Board recognises that there are issues of harm that correlate with the operation of off-sales premises. However, the Board considers a declaration of overprovision to be a serious undertaking that should only be taken when adequately supported by the available evidence. On balance the Board is currently of the opinion that whilst there is evidence of the correlation mentioned above that evidence falls short of establishing the causal link that is required by the regulatory framework to

justify overprovision. Accordingly, the Board has determined that currently there is not overprovision of off-sales premises within the locality.

The Board will continue to assess all applications on their merits and will expect all applicants to demonstrate compliance with the licensing objectives and all relevant parts of the Board's Statement of Licensing Policy. The Board will also work with partner agencies to keep the policy under review and ensure that it remains fit for purpose.

SCHEME OF DELEGATION

This Scheme of Delegation details the powers of the Licensing Board for Aberdeen City in terms of the Licensing (Scotland) Act 2005. This Scheme of Delegation was approved by the Board on 10 October 2017.

The Board recognises that any application should only be determined by the Board where necessary and any straightforward matters should be considered by the Clerk or any member of the Clerk's staff having authority to do so, to save resources and to create as little inconvenience to applicants as possible.

The Board therefore agrees that only those applications and matters which by statute are required to be considered by the Board will be submitted to them for determination and other applications will be determined by the Clerk (or Depute Clerk or persons appointed to assist them) in accordance with the following Scheme of Delegation.

	1. MATTERS	RESERVED TO THE	LICENSING BOARD
	Nature of Function/ Application	Relevant Provision in Licensing (Scotland) Act 2005	Function
1.1.	Determination of Licensing Board Policy	s.6 and Sch.1 para 10(2)(a)	Determining the Board's policy for the purposes of a Licensing Policy Statement or any Supplementary Licensing Policy Statement;
1.2.	Determination of Overprovision of Licensed Premises	s.7 and Sch.1 para 10(2)(b)	Determining, for the purposes of any such statement, whether there is overprovision of licensed premises, or licensed premises of any particular description, in any locality;
1.3.	Premises Licence Application	s.23 and Sch.1 para 10(2)(c)	Determining a premises licence application;
1.4.	Premises Licence Major Variation Application	s.30 and Sch.1 para 10(2)(d)	Determining a premises licence variation application where the variation sought is not a minor variation;
1.5.	Premises Licence Transfer Application (Conviction)	s.33, s.34 and Sch.1 para 10(2)(e)	Determining an application for the transfer of a premises licence where the applicant has been convicted of a relevant or foreign offence;

1.6.	Provisional Premises Licence Confirmation (Refusal)	s.46 and Sch.1 para 10(2)(i)	Refusing an application for confirmation of a provisional premises licence;
1.7.	Temporary Premises Licence	s.47	Determining a temporary premises licence application;
1.8.	Personal Licence (Conviction)	s.74 and Sch.1 para 10(2)(f)	Determining a personal licence application, or a personal licence renewal application where the applicant has been convicted of a relevant or foreign offence;
1.9.	Conducting a Hearing	s.39, s83(7) s.84 and Sch.1 para 10(2)(g)	Conducting a hearing under the Act, including taking any of the following steps: At a review hearing in respect of a premises licence where necessary in terms of the licensing objectives flowing from the sale of alcohol: Issuing a written warning to the premises licence holder; Revoking or suspending the premises licence; or Making a variation of the premises licence; or Making an order revoking, suspending or endorsing a personal licence.
1.10	Closure Order	s.97 and Sch.1 para 10(2)(h)	Making a Closure Order;

	2. MATTERS DELEGATED TO SUB-COMMITTEE				
	Nature of Function/ Application	Relevant Provision in Licensing (Scotland) Act 2005	Function		
2.1	Occasional Licence (Objection/ Contrary to Policy)	s.59 and Sch.1 para 10(1)	Determining whether or not the Licensing Board will hold a hearing to determine an application for an occasional licence where an objection,		

			representation or a notice recommending refusal from the Chief Constable or Licensing Standards Officer or where the application is contrary to the terms of the Board's Policy;
2.2	Occasional Licence (Objection)	s.59 and Sch.1 para 10(1)	Where a decision has been taken by the Convenor/Sub-Committee not to hold a hearing in terms of section 59(4) of the Act, the determination of the application following an opportunity for the applicant to comment on the representation in terms of section 59(5);
2.3	Extended Hours Application (Objection/Contrary to Policy)	s.70 and Sch.1 para 10(1)	Determining whether or not the Board will hold a hearing to determine an application for extended hours where an objection, representation or a notice recommending refusal from the Chief Constable or Licensing Standards Officer or where the application is contrary to the terms of the Board's Policy;
2.4	Extended Hours Application (Objection)	s.70 and Sch.1 para 10(1)	Where a decision has been taken by the Convenor/Sub-Committee not to hold a hearing in terms of section 70 (2) of the Act, the determination of the application following an opportunity for the applicant to comment on the representation in terms of section 70(3);

	3. MATTERS	S DELEGATED TO T	THE CONVENOR
	Nature of Function/ Application	Relevant Provision in Licensing (Scotland) Act 2005	Function
3.1	Notice of Convictions	s44(7A), s83(7A)	Determining whether to hold a licence review hearing or to take no further action upon receipt of a notice from the Chief Constable which does not contain a recommendation to vary, suspend, revoke or endorse the licence in question
3.2	Occasional Licence or Extended Hours ("Fast Track")	ss.57(4) and 69(4) and Sch.1 para 10(1)	Determining whether an application for an occasional licence or occasional extension requires to be dealt with quickly.
3.3	Personal Licence (Licence Previously Surrendered – Hearing)	s.74(7)	Where the applicant has surrendered a personal licence within the period of 3 years prior to an application for a further personal licence being made by that person to decide whether the reasons for surrender of the previous personal licence warrant consideration of the application by the relevant Board;
3.4	Power to Relieve Procedural Errors	s.135 and Sch.1 para 10(1)	To relieve any applicant or other party to proceedings before the Board of any failure to comply with any procedural provision if the failure is due to a mistake, oversight or other excusable cause, and it is considered appropriate in all of the circumstances to relieve the failure.
3.5	Rejection of Frivolous or	s.22(4), s.36(6), s.58(3)	Determining whether to reject a notice of objection or representation or request for

	Vexatious Objections		a premises licence review received by the Board where they consider it to be frivolous or vexatious;
3.6	Premises Licence Review Proposal	s.37 and Sch.1 para 10(1)	Determining whether to make a premises licence review proposal;

4. MATTERS DELEGATED TO THE CLERK OR DEPUTE CLERKS TO THE LICENSING BOARD OR ANY PERSONS APPOINTED TO ASSIST THEM				
	Nature of Function/ Application	Relevant Provision in Licensing (Scotland) Act 2005	Function	
4.1	Premises Licence Minor Variation Application	s.29 and Sch.1 para 10(1)	Determining any premises licence variation application where the variation sought is a minor variation, including for the avoidance of doubt a change of Designated Premises Manager;	
4.2	Premises Licence Application or Variation Application Hearing Attendance	Sch.1 para 10(1)	Determining whether to request an Applicant to attend a hearing for a premises licence application or a variation application where there are no representations or objections and the application is not contrary to the Board's Policy;	
4.3	Premises Licence Transfer Application (No Conviction)	s.33, s.34 and Sch.1 para 10(1)	Determining any application for the transfer of a premises licence where the applicant has <u>not</u> been convicted of a relevant or foreign offence;	
4.4	Provisional Premises Licence Confirmation	s.46 and Sch.1 para 10(1)	Determining any application for confirmation of a provisional premises licence – where no variation (other than a minor variation) has been made to the operating plan or layout plan for the	

			premises to which the licence relates since the provisional licence was issued or since a variation of the provisional premises licence was granted;
4.5	Obtaining Further Information for the Purposes of a Review Hearing	s.38(5) and (6), and Sch.1 para 10(1)	To exercise the powers under section 38(5) and (6) for the purposes of a review hearing to obtain further information, request any person to attend to provide information and/or request production of any document at a review hearing;
4.6	Premises Licence (Licence Production)	s.49(3) and Sch.1 para 10(1)	To require a premises licence holder to produce the premises licence;
4.7	Occasional Licence (No Objection)	s.59 and Sch.1 para 10(1)	Determining an application for an occasional licence – where no objections or representations have been received, nor a notice recommending refusal from the Chief Constable or any report from the Licensing Standards officer recommending refusal;
4.8	Occasional Licence Conditions	s.60 and Sch.1 para 10(1)	To impose conditions under section 60 in respect of an occasional licence as necessary or expedient for the purpose of any licensing objective;
4.9	Extended Hours Application (No Objection)	s.70 and Sch.1 para 10(1)	Determining an application for extended hours where no objections or representations have been received nor a notice recommending refusal from the Chief Constable or any report from the Licensing Standards Officer recommending refusal;

4.10	Personal Licence (No Conviction)	s.74 and Sch.1 para 10(1)	Determining a personal licence application, or a personal licence renewal application where the applicant has not been convicted of a relevant or foreign offence;
4.11	Personal Licence (Licence Previously Surrendered)	s.77(6)	To grant personal licences where the applicant has previously surrendered their personal licence under section 77(6) or their licence has been revoked under s.87(3);
4.12	Revocation of Personal Licence	s.87(3) and Sch.1 para 10(1)	The revocation of a personal licence where the licence holder has not complied with the requirements of Section 87(1) of the Act;

5. Other Matters

Any matters which are not the subject of a specific delegation in terms of this Scheme of Delegation and are not prescribed by the Licensing (Scotland) Act 2005 shall be determined by the Clerk (or any person appointed to assist the Clerk) as appropriate unless the nature of such matter is considered to be appropriate to be determined by the Licensing Board at a meeting arranged by the Clerk in consultation with the Convenor of the Licensing Board.

6. Exercise of Delegated Power

The Clerk, Depute Clerk and any other member of staff appointed to assist them may elect not to use their delegated powers in a particular case, in which case the matter will be referred to the Licensing Board.

7. Legislation

These delegations are subject to any necessary alterations arising from amendments to Legislation, Regulations, Codes of Practice or Government Circulars. In the event of a conflict between the terms of this Scheme of Delegation and the relevant legislation, the Scheme of Delegation shall be deemed amended to accord with the provisions of the said relevant legislation.

<u>Supplementary Policy – Hearing Procedures</u>

Where an application requires to be determined by a hearing at a meeting of the Licensing Board all parties will be provided with 14 days' notice in writing of the time and location of the hearing. The Board will endeavour to make any reasonable adjustments to cater for any additional requirements of any party to a hearing if made aware of those requirements in advance.

Where the hearing is in respect of an application the following procedure will be followed:

- 1. The applicant will be invited to address the Board in support of the application and make reference to any representation or objection received.
- 2. The person(s) making any representation or objection will be invited to address the Board in support of the representation or objection.
- 3. The applicant will be invited to respond to any points raised by the person(s) making the representation or objection.
- 4. Members will be invited to address questions to all parties.
- 5. The person(s) making the representation or objection will be invited to sum up. No new evidence may be introduced at this stage.
- 6. The applicant will be invited to sum up. No new evidence may be introduced at this stage.
- 7. The Board may elect to seek legal advice in private if required but must return to the public forum before any decision is made.
- 8. The Board will come to a decision.

Where the hearing is in respect of a review application as a result of a complaint the following procedure will be followed:

- 1. The complainer will be invited to address the Board in support of the complaint.
- 2. The Licensing Standards Officer will be invited to address the Board in support of the report required in terms of s38(4) of the Licensing (Scotland) Act 2005.
- 3. The licence holder will be invited to address the Board in response to the complaint.
- 4. The complainer will be invited to respond to any points raised by the licence holder.
- 5. Members will be invited to address questions to all parties.
- 6. The licence holder will be invited to sum up. No new evidence may be introduced at this stage.

- 7. The complainer will be invited to sum up. No new evidence may be introduced at this stage.
- 8. The Board may elect to seek legal advice in private but must return to the public forum before any decision is made.
- 9. The Board will come to a decision.

<u>Supplementary Policy – General Licensing</u>

Alcohol Deliveries

The Board are aware that a number of premises are keen to offer a delivery service for alcohol, particularly those that offer delivery of food. It is the view of the Board that responsibility lies with the licence holder to ensure that the delivery person has adequate training to safeguard the licensing objectives, and in particular has procedures in place to ensure that no deliveries are made to underage customers.

Additional conditions may be attached to premises licences in such cases, and deliveries of alcohol will generally only be permitted as part of a delivery of food, unless from a dedicated off-sales premises.

Agent of Change

The Agent of Change principle in planning terms clearly places the responsibility for mitigating any detrimental impact of noise on neighbours with those responsible for any change in the position. For example, where a new residential or commercial property is to be developed within the vicinity of an existing licensed music venue, the responsibility for mitigating any adverse impact should sit with the developer, as the "agent of change". Conversely, if a new music venue is proposed, or an existing venue is to be varied, that responsibility would be with the licence holder.

The Board considers it appropriate to have regard to the agent of change principle in licensing terms when determining the weight to be given to various arguments.

Licences Ceasing to Have Effect

Section 28(5)(b) provides that a licence will cease to have effect where the licensed premises ceases to be used for the sale of alcohol. In order to avoid any misunderstandings, the Board expect any licence holder to notify the licensing department in writing if the premises is going to be closed for any length of time with an explanation of the reason for closure and an expectation of when the premises intends to reopen. If a premises has been closed for 6 months the licence will be referred to the next Board Meeting for review.

Personal Licences

The Board considers that it is imperative that any training certificate enclosed with an application for a Personal Licence is up to date. As Personal Licence holders require to refresh training every 5 years the Board thinks it is reasonable to require any

training certificate submitted with an application for a Personal Licence to be no more than 5 years old. Where a Personal Licence has been surrendered or revoked and a subsequent application is made the Board will accept a training certificate over 5 years old only if it is accompanied by an up to date refresher training certificate.

Conditions

Examples of the standard local conditions which may be attached to licences can be found here:

Hyperlink to webpage to be inserted